Semantic Mapping

This strategy has been used in the following ABLE lesson(s): Essay Writing - Writing Strategy http://mercury.educ.kent.edu/database/eureka/detail_lesson_general.cfm?LessonsID=174

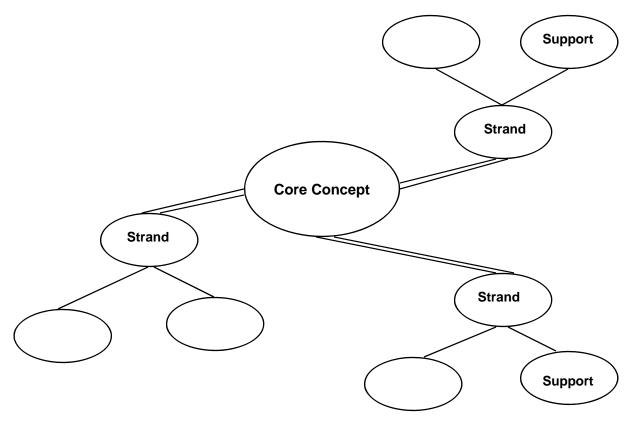
Purpose:

To help students identify important ideas and how these ideas fit together. To provide an alternative format to the outline.

Procedure:

The teacher should model mapping a few times before the students do this on their own. There are three components to a semantic map:

- 1. Core question or concept: this is a key word or phrase that is the main focus of the map.
- 2. Strands: subordinate ideas that help explain or clarify the main concept. These can be generated by the students.
- 3. Supports: details, inferences and generalization that are related to each strand. Supports clarify the strands and distinguish one strand from another.



Adapted from Content Area Reading:Literacy and Learning Across the Curriculum by Richard T. and Joanne L. Vacca